HOUSE BILL No. 1101

DIGEST OF INTRODUCED BILL

Citations Affected: IC 3-5-2-24.5; IC 3-8; IC 3-7-13-13; IC 3-9; IC 3-11-10-27; IC 3-13-1; IC 6-1.1-18.5-10.6; IC 36-1-8-10.

Synopsis: Various election law changes. Makes changes to election law concerning the following: (1) The date that electronic filing of certain campaign finance reports is considered to have occurred. (2) The total number of signatures that a candidate for President of the United States, United States Senator, or governor is required to obtain to qualify for placement on the ballot. (3) The requirement for an individual who registers to vote to provide the last four digits of the individual's Social Security number. (4) The filing of statements of organization by political committees. (5) Administrative disbanding of political committees. (6) An erroneous reference in a statute relating to absentee voting. (7) Deadlines for taking certain actions relating to filing candidate vacancies. (8) Determination of the political affiliation of an appointee to a local board. (9) Exceeding property tax levy limits for purchase of voting systems.

Effective: Upon passage; July 1, 2002.

Kromkowski, Richardson, Cheney, Behning Behning

January 8, 2002, read first time and referred to Committee on Elections and Apportionment.





Second Regular Session 112th General Assembly (2002)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or *this style type* reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2001 General Assembly.

HOUSE BILL No. 1101

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning elections.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

	SECTION 1. IC 3-5-2-24.5 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2002]: Sec. 24.5. "Filing" means
,	the following:
L	(1) For purposes of filing an electronic report under
;	IC 3-9-4-4 or IC 3-9-5-7, when the requirements of IC 3-9-4-4
)	or IC 3-9-5-7 have been met.
,	(2) For all other purposes, when all of the following have

- (1) (A) The presentation of a document to an individual required to receive the document under this title.
- (2) (B) The receipt of the document by the individual. and
- (3) (C) The recording of the date and time the document was received by the individual.

SECTION 2. IC 3-8-2-8 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2002]: Sec. 8. (a) A declaration of candidacy
for the office of United States Senator or for the office of governor
must be accompanied by a petition signed by at least five four

8

9

10

11

12 13

141516

17

2002

occurred:

IN 1101—LS 6448/DI 75+

C

0

p

y

1	thousand (5,000) five hundred (4,500) voters of the state, including at
2	least five hundred (500) voters from each congressional district.
3	(b) Each petition must contain the following:
4	(1) The signature of each petitioner.
5	(2) The name of each petitioner legibly printed.
6	(3) The residence mailing address of each petitioner.
7	(c) This subsection applies to a petition filed during the period:
8	(1) beginning on the date that a congressional district plan has
9	been adopted under IC 3-3; and
10	(2) ending on the date that the part of the act or order issued under
11	IC 3-3-2 establishing the previous congressional district plan is
12	repealed or superseded.
13	The petition must be signed by at least five four thousand $(5,000)$ five
14	hundred (4,500) voters of Indiana, including at least five hundred
15	(500) voters from each congressional district created by the most recent
16	congressional district plan adopted under IC 3-3.
17	SECTION 3. IC 3-8-3-2 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
18	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2002]: Sec. 2. (a) A request filed under section
19	1 of this chapter must be accompanied by a petition signed by at least
20	five four thousand $(5,000)$ five hundred $(4,500)$ voters of the state,
21	including at least five hundred (500) voters from each congressional
22	district.
23	(b) Each petition must contain the following:
24	(1) The signature of each petitioner.
25	(2) The name of each petitioner legibly printed.
26	(3) The residence mailing address of each petitioner.
27	(c) This subsection applies to a petition filed during the period:
28	(1) beginning on the date that a congressional district plan has
29	been adopted under IC 3-3; and
30	(2) ending on the date that the part of the act or order issued under
31	IC 3-3-2 establishing the previous congressional district plan is
32	repealed or superseded.
33	The petition must be signed by at least five four thousand (5,000) five
34	hundred (4,500) voters of Indiana, including at least five hundred
35	(500) voters from each congressional district created by the most recent
36	congressional district plan adopted under IC 3-3.
37	SECTION 4. IC 3-7-13-13, AS ADDED BY P.L.199-2001,
38	SECTION 3, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
39	JULY 1, 2002]: Sec. 13. (a) Except as provided in subsection (b), when
40	an individual registers to vote, the individual must provide the
41	individual's driver's license number issued under IC 9-24-11 or the

individual's identification card number issued under IC 9-24-16.



42

1	(b) If an individual does not have a driver's license issued under
2	IC 9-24-11 or an identification card issued under IC 9-24-16, the
3	individual may must provide the last four (4) digits of the individual's
4	Social Security number when the individual registers to vote.
5	(c) The number provided by the individual under subsection (a) or
6	(b) is the individual's voter identification number.
7	(d) A voter's voter identification number may not be changed unless
8	the voter made an error when providing the number when registering
9	to vote.
10	(e) If a voter transfers the voter's registration and the voter's voter
11	identification number is not included in the voter's registration records,
12	the voter registration officer of the county in which the voter's
13	registration is to be transferred shall require the voter to provide the
14	number required by subsection (a) or (b) before the voter's registration
15	is transferred.
16	SECTION 5. IC 3-9-1-3 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
17	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2002]: Sec. 3. Each committee must file a
18	statement of organization no not later than noon ten (10) days after its
19	organization or after it becomes a committee.
20	SECTION 6. IC 3-9-1-12, AS AMENDED BY P.L.176-1999,
21	SECTION 38, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
22	JULY 1, 2002]: Sec. 12. (a) A committee may disband at any time in
23	the manner prescribed by this section.
24	(b) The commission or a county election board may administratively
25	disband a committee in the manner prescribed by this section.
26	(c) The commission has exclusive jurisdiction to disband any of the
27	following:
28	(1) A candidate's committee for state office.
29	(2) A candidate's committee for legislative office.
30	(3) A legislative caucus committee.
31	(4) A political action committee that has filed a statement or
32	report with the election division.
33	(5) A regular party committee that has filed a statement or report
34	with the election division.
35	(d) A county election board has exclusive jurisdiction to disband
36	any of the following:
37	(1) A candidate's committee for a local office.
38	(2) A candidate's committee for a school board office.
39	(3) A political action committee that has filed a statement or
40	report with the election board, unless the political action
41	committee has also filed a report with the election division.
42	(4) A regular party committee that has filed a statement or report



1	with the election board, unless the regular party committee has
2	also filed a report with the election division.
3	(e) The commission or a county election board may administratively
4	disband a committee in the following manner:
5	(1) Not later than the last Friday of January of each year, the
6	election division or county election board shall review the list of
7	committees that have filed statements of organization with the
8	division or board under this article.
9	(2) If the election division or county election board determines
10	that a committee: both of the following, the election division or
11	county election board may begin a proceeding before the
12	commission or board to administratively disband the
13	committee:
14	(A) The committee has not filed any report of expenditures
15	during the previous three (3) calendar years.
16	(B) Owes no debts to any person other than:
17	(i) a civil penalty assessed by the commission or board; or
18	(ii) to an individual who was a candidate and also serves as
19	the chairman or treasurer of the candidate's committee, if the
20	committee filed a report under this article; and
21	(C) (B) The committee last reported cash on hand in an
22	amount that does not exceed one thousand dollars (\$1,000), if
23	the committee filed a report under this article.
24	the election division or county election board may begin a
25	proceeding before the commission or board to administratively
26	disband the committee.
27	(3) The election division or county election board shall provide
28	notice of the proceeding by certified mail to the last known
29	address of the chairman and treasurer of the committee.
30	(4) The commission or board may issue an order administratively
31	dissolving the committee and waiving any outstanding civil
32	penalty previously imposed by the commission or board, if the
33	commission or board makes the following findings:
34	(A) There is no evidence that the committee continues to
35	receive contributions, make expenditures, or otherwise
36	function as a committee.
37	(B) The prudent use of public resources makes further efforts
38	to collect any outstanding civil penalty imposed against the
39	committee wasteful or unjust.
40	(C) According to the best evidence available to the
41	commission or board, the dissolution of the committee will not
42	impair any contract or impede the collection of a debt or



1	:
1 2	judgment by any person. (5) The election division shall arrange for the mublication in the
3	(5) The election division shall arrange for the publication in the
<i>3</i>	Indiana Register of an order administratively disbanding a
	committee. A county election board shall publish a notice under
5	IC 5-3-1 stating that the board has disbanded a committee under
6	this subsection. The notice must state the date of the order and the
7	name of the committee, but the board is not required to publish
8	the text of the order.
9	(6) An order issued under this subsection takes effect immediately
10	upon its adoption, unless otherwise specified in the order.
11	(f) If the chairman or treasurer of a committee wishes to disband the
12	committee, the committee must do either of the following:
13	(1) Give written notification of the dissolution and transfer a
14	surplus of contributions less expenditures to any one (1) or a
15	combination of the following:
16	(A) One (1) or more regular party committees.
17	(B) One (1) or more candidate's committees.
18	(C) The election division.
19	(D) An organization exempt from federal income taxation
20	under Section 501 of the Internal Revenue Code.
21	(E) Contributors to the committee, on a pro rata basis.
22	(2) Use the surplus in any other manner permitted under
23	IC 3-9-3-4.
24	(g) Except as provided in subsection (e) concerning the waiver of
25	civil penalties, a dissolution or transfer of funds does not relieve the
26	committee or the committee's members from civil or criminal liability.
27	SECTION 7. IC 3-9-4-4, AS AMENDED BY P.L.176-1999,
28	SECTION 43, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
29	JULY 1, 2002]: Sec. 4. (a) The election division shall develop a filing
30	and coding system consistent with the purposes of this article. The
31	election division and each county election board shall use the filing and
32	coding system. The coding system must provide:
33	(1) not more than ten (10) codes to account for various campaign
34	expenditure items; and
35	(2) a clear explanation of the kinds of expenditure items that must
36	be accounted for under each code.
37	(b) The election division shall develop and use a computer system
38	to store campaign finance reports required to be filed under IC 3-9-5-6,
39	IC 3-9-5-10, and IC 3-9-5-20.1. The computer system must enable the
40	election division to do the following:
41	(1) Identify all candidates or committees that received
42	contributions from a contributor over the past three (3) years.



1	(2) Identify all contributors to a candidate or committee over the
2	past three (3) years.
3	(3) Provide for electronic submission, retrieval, storage, and
4	disclosure of campaign finance reports of candidates for the
5	following:
6	(A) Legislative office.
7	(B) State office.
8	The election division shall provide training at no cost to
9	candidates to enable candidates described in this subdivision to
10	file campaign finance reports electronically.
11	(c) This subsection applies to an electronic submission under
12	subsection (b)(3). An electronic submission must be in a format
13	previously approved by the commission that permits the election
14	division to print out a hard copy of the report upon after the receipt of
15	the electronic submission from the candidate. Filing of a report occurs
16	under IC 3-5-2-24.5 when on the date and at the time electronically
17	recorded by the hard copy is printed out and the election division
18	records the date and time of the printout on the hard copy. division's
19	computer system. If a discrepancy exists between the text of the
20	electronic submission and the printed report, the text of the printed
21	report prevails until an amendment is filed under this article to correct
22	the discrepancy.
23	(d) The election division is not required to accept an electronic
24	submission unless the submission complies with subsection (b)(3).
25	Upon receiving approval from the commission, the election division
26	may accept an electronic submission from candidates, committees, or
27	persons described in subsection (b)(3).
28	(e) The election division shall make campaign finance reports stored
29	on the computer system under subsection (b) available to the general
30	public through an on-line service.
31	SECTION 8. IC 3-9-5-7, AS AMENDED BY P.L.176-1999,
32	SECTION 47, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
33	JULY 1, 2002]: Sec. 7. (a) A person may deliver reports to the
34	appropriate office as follows:
35	(1) By hand.
36	(2) By mail.
37	(3) By electronic mail, if the appropriate office has the capacity
38	to do all of the following:
39	(A) Receive electronic mail. and
40	(B) Electronically record the date and time that electronic
41	mail is received by the office.
42	(C) Print out a hard copy of the report immediately upon after



1	the receipt of the electronic mail by the office.
2	(b) Reports must be filed as follows:
3	(1) Hand delivered reports or reports transmitted by mail must be
4	filed with the appropriate office during regular office hours not
5	later than noon seven (7) days after the date of the report.
6	(2) Reports delivered by electronic mail must be filed with the
7	appropriate office not later than noon seven (7) days after the date
8	of the report.
9	(c) This subsection applies to a report delivered by electronic mail.
10	Filing of a report occurs under IC 3-5-2-24.5 when the hard copy is
11	printed out and the office records the date and time of the printout on
12	the report. on the date and at the time electronically recorded by the
13	office's computer system. If a discrepancy exists between the text of
14	the electronic mail and the printed report, the text of the printed report
15	prevails until an amendment is filed under this article to correct the
16	discrepancy.
17	(d) An office is not required to accept a report or statement required
18	under this article by facsimile transmission. Upon approval of a policy
19	by the commission or a county election board to receive reports or
20	statements by facsimile transmission, the election division or the
21	county election board may accept the facsimile transmission of a report
22	or statement.
23	SECTION 9. IC 3-11-10-27 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
24	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2002]: Sec. 27. (a) This section
25	does not apply to a ballot mailed to a voter under this chapter.
26	(b) Before a ballot is voted under section 25 or 26 of this chapter
27	before an absentee voter board, other than the absentee voter board in
28	the office of the circuit court clerk, it must bear the circuit court clerk's
29	official seal and signature or facsimile signature and be initialed by:
30	(1) the absentee voter board visiting the voter under section 25(b)
31	of this chapter (except in a county subject to subsection (c)); or
32	(2) the county election board or the board's designated
33	representatives under IC 3-11-4-19 if the ballot is cast at the
34	office of the circuit court clerk under section 26 of this chapter.
35	(c) A county election board may adopt a resolution providing that
36	the absentee ballots to be voted before an absentee voter board visiting
37	the voter under section 25(b) of this chapter must be initialed by the
38	county election board or the board's representatives under IC 3-11-4-19
39	and not by the absentee voter board visiting the voter. A resolution
40	adopted under this subsection remains in effect until rescinded by the
41	county election board. The election board may not rescind the
42	resolution during the final sixty (60) days before an election.





1	(d) The initials must be in ink on the back of the ballot, in the		
2	person's ordinary handwriting or printing, and without a distinguishing		
3	mark of any kind. No other initialing of the absentee ballot is		
4	necessary.		
5	SECTION 10. IC 3-13-1-7, AS AMENDED BY P.L.260-2001,		
6	SECTION 7, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE		
7	JULY 1, 2002]: Sec. 7. (a) Except as provided in subsection (b), action		
8	to fill a candidate vacancy must be taken:		
9	(1) not later than noon June 30 July 15 after the primary election		
10	if the vacancy exists on a general or municipal election ballot; and		
11	(2) within thirty (30) days after the occurrence of the vacancy, if		
12	the vacancy exists on a special election ballot, subject to section		
13	2 of this chapter.		
14	(b) This subsection applies to a candidate vacancy that exists before		
15	the thirtieth day before a general, municipal, or special election and		
16	that is due to any of the following:		
17	(1) The death of a candidate.		
18	(2) The withdrawal of a candidate.		
19	(3) The disqualification of a candidate under IC 3-8-1-5.		
20	(4) A court order issued under IC 3-8-7-29(d).		
21	Action to fill a candidate vacancy under section 3, 4, 5, or 6 of this		
22	chapter for reasons permitted under this subsection must be taken		
23	within thirty (30) days after the occurrence of the vacancy.		
24	SECTION 11. IC 3-13-1-15, AS AMENDED BY P.L.260-2001,		
25	SECTION 8, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE		
26	JULY 1, 2002]: Sec. 15. (a) A county chairman filling a candidate		
27	vacancy under section 6(a)(2) of this chapter or the chairman of a		
28	meeting filling a candidate vacancy under this chapter shall file a		
29	written certificate of candidate selection on a form prescribed by the		
30	commission stating the following information for each candidate		
31	selected:		
32	(1) The name of each candidate as:		
33	(A) the candidate wants the candidate's name to appear on the		
34	ballot; and		
35	(B) the candidate's name is permitted to appear on the ballot		
36	under IC 3-5-7.		
37	(2) The address of each candidate.		
38	(b) The certificate shall be filed with:		
39	(1) the election division for:		
40	(A) a committee acting under section 3, 4, 5, or 6(b) of this		
41	chapter; or		
42	(B) a committee acting under section 6(a) of this chapter to fill		



1	a candidate vacancy in the office of judge of a circuit, superior,
2	probate, county, or small claims court or prosecuting attorney;
3	or
4	(2) the circuit court clerk, for a committee acting under section
5	6(a) of this chapter to fill a candidate vacancy for a local office
6	not described in subdivision (1).
7	(c) This subsection applies to a candidate vacancy resulting from a
8	vacancy on the primary election ballot as described in section 2 of this
9	chapter. The certificate required by subsection (a) shall be filed not
10	later than noon July 3 15 before election day.
11	(d) This subsection applies to all candidate vacancies not described
12	by subsection (c). The certificate required by subsection (a) shall be
13	filed not more than three (3) days (excluding Saturdays and Sundays)
14	after selection of the candidates.
15	SECTION 12. IC 3-13-1-20, AS AMENDED BY P.L.260-2001,
16	SECTION 9, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
17	JULY 1, 2002]: Sec. 20. (a) This section applies to a political party
18	subject to IC 3-8-4-10.
19	(b) A candidate vacancy that exists following the convention of the
20	party shall be filled by the state committee of the political party not
21	later than noon June 30 July 15 before election day. The chairman of
22	the state committee shall act in accordance with section 15 of this
23	chapter to certify the candidate selected to fill the vacancy.
24	(c) This subsection applies to a candidate vacancy resulting from a
25	vacancy on the general election ballot resulting from the failure of the
26	convention to nominate a candidate for an office. The certificate
27	required by subsection (b) shall be filed not later than noon July 3
28	before election day.
29	(d) This subsection applies to all candidate vacancies not described
30	by subsection (c). The certificate required by subsection (b) shall be
31	filed not more than three (3) days (excluding Saturdays and Sundays)
32	after selection of the candidates.
33	SECTION 13. IC 6-1.1-18.5-10.6 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
34	CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
35	[EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 10.6. (a) The ad valorem
36	property tax levy limits imposed by section 3 of this chapter do not
37	apply to ad valorem property taxes imposed by a county for a
38	voting system purchase fund under IC 3-11-6. However, the
39	maximum amount that is exempt from the levy limits under this
40	section may not exceed the property taxes that would be raised in
41	the ensuing calendar year with a property tax rate of one and
42	sixty-seven hundredths cents (\$0.0167) per one hundred dollars



	10	
1	(\$100) of assessed valuation.	
2	(b) For purposes of computing the ad valorem property tax levy	
3	limit imposed on a county under section 3 of this chapter, the	
4	county's ad valorem property tax levy for a particular calendar	
5	year does not include that part of the levy imposed under IC 3-11-6	
6	that is exempt from the ad valorem property tax levy limits under	
7	subsection (a).	
8	SECTION 14. IC 36-1-8-10, AS AMENDED BY P.L.167-2001,	
9	SECTION 10, AND AS AMENDED BY P.L.199-2001, SECTION 28,	
10	IS CORRECTED AND AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS	
11	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2002]: Sec. 10. (a) As used in this section,	
12	"board" means an administration, an agency, an authority, a board, a	
13	bureau, a commission, a committee, a council, a department, a	
14	division, an institution, an office, a service, or other another similarly	
15	designated body of a political subdivision.	
16	(b) Whenever a law or political subdivision's resolution requires that	
17	an appointment to a board be conditioned upon the political affiliation	
18	of the appointee, or that the membership of a board not exceed a stated	
19	number of members from the same political party, at the time of an	
20	appointment, either one (1) of the following must apply to the	
21	appointee:	
22	(1) The most recent primary election in which the appointee voted	
23	was a primary election held by the party with which the appointee	
24	claims affiliation. or	
25	(2) If the appointee has never voted in a primary election, the	
26	appointee claims a party affiliation.	
27	(3) The appointee is certified as a member of that party by the	
28	party's county chairman for the county in which the appointee	W
29	resides.	
30	(c) Notwithstanding any other law, if the term of an appointed	
31	member of a board expires and the appointing authority does not make	
32	an appointment to fill the vacancy, the member may continue to serve	
33	on the board for only sixty (60) days after the expiration date of the	



